

# **DAQLog software**

Software for supported Measurement Computing Data Loggers

## **Software User's Guide**

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## About this User's Guide

### What you will learn from this user's guide

This user's guide describes the device configuration, file management, and data file conversion features available in Measurement Computing DAQLog software.

### Conventions in this user's guide

#### For more information

Text presented in a box signifies additional information and helpful hints related to the subject matter you are reading.

**Caution!** Shaded caution statements present information to help you avoid injuring yourself and others, damaging your hardware, or losing your data.

**bold** text      **Bold** text is used for the names of objects on a screen, such as buttons, text boxes, and check boxes.

*italic* text      *Italic* text is used for the names of manuals and help topic titles, and to emphasize a word or phrase.

### Where to find more information

Additional information about DAQLog software is available on our website at [www.mccdaq.com](http://www.mccdaq.com). You can also contact Measurement Computing Corporation by phone, fax, or email with specific questions.

- Phone: 508-946-5100 and follow the instructions for reaching Tech Support
- Fax: 508-946-9500 to the attention of Tech Support
- Email: [techsupport@mccdaq.com](mailto:techsupport@mccdaq.com)

## Introducing DAQLog

Use DAQLog to configure a Measurement Computing data logging device—such as a LGR-5320 Series logger—save configuration settings files and data files, and convert data files to viewable text files.

### System requirements

You can install this DAQLog software package on a computer running one of these operating systems:

- Windows XP with Service Pack 2 (SP2)
- Windows Vista (32- and 64-bits\*)
- Windows 7(32- and 64-bits\*)

\* The application is 32-bit, but software includes 64-bit drivers for accessing the device.

### Hardware requirements

- Minimum screen resolution of 800 x 600
- Computer with Pentium® 4 processor and 256 MB of RAM
- A Microsoft-compatible mouse
- A supported Measurement Computing logger, such as a LGR-5320 Series device

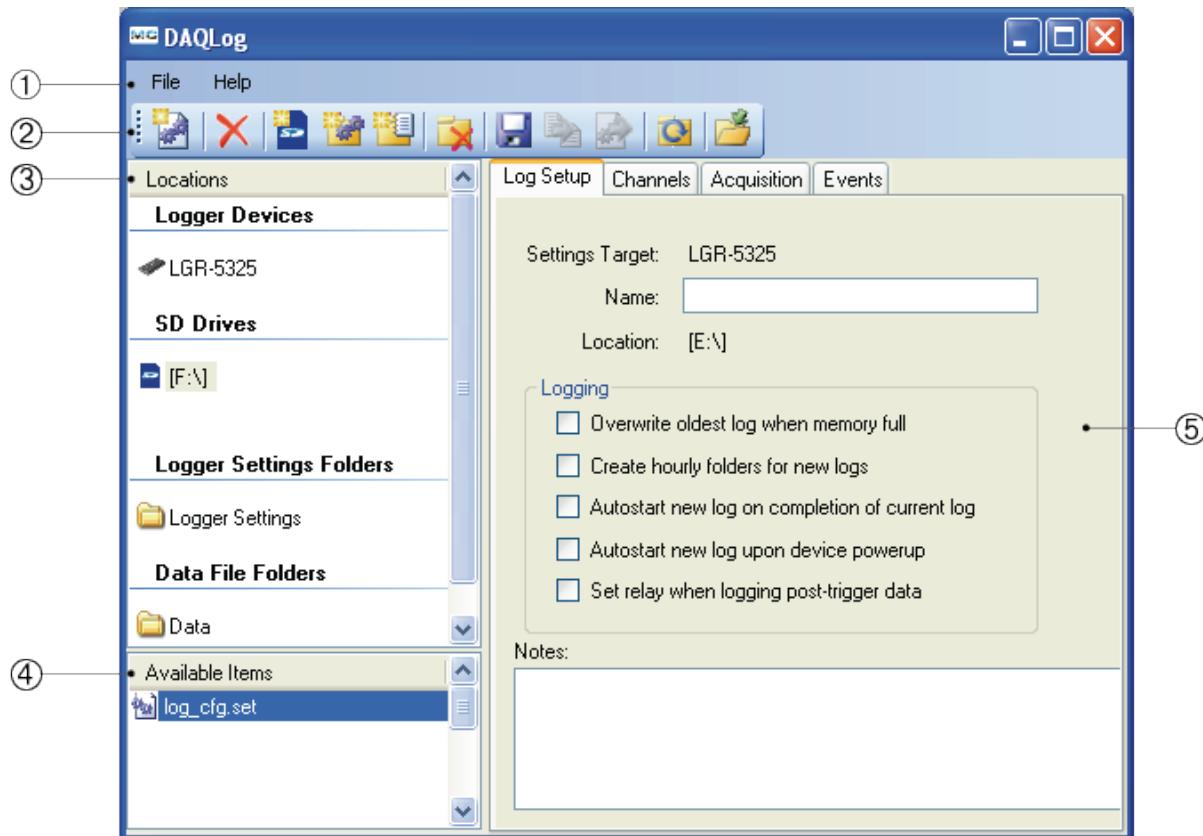
### Getting started

Refer to the *DAQLog Quick Start* for instructions about how to install DAQLog, connect a LGR-5320 Series device to log data using DAQLog, and launch DAQLog.

The *DAQLog Quick Start* is also available at [www.mccdaq.com/PDFs/Manuals/QS-DAQLog.pdf](http://www.mccdaq.com/PDFs/Manuals/QS-DAQLog.pdf).

## DAQLog user interface conventions

The terms used for each section of the main DAQLog window are given in the following diagram.



- 1 Menu bar**—The **File** menu options save or deploy a logger settings file, locate the file selected in the **Available Items** pane, and convert a binary data file of logged data to a comma-separated format. The **Help** menu options open the DAQLog help file and display software version information.
- 2 Toolbar**—Refer to [DAQLog toolbar](#) for more information on each toolbar icon.
- 3 Locations pane**—Refer to [Locations pane](#) for more information.
- 4 Available Items pane**—Displays the contents of the selected logger device, SD drive, or folder.
- 5 Tab area**—Displays the current settings stored on the selected logger or the selected settings file.

## DAQLog toolbar

The toolbar contains the following options:

### New Settings File



Creates a settings file and saves it to a logger, memory card, or settings folder. Refer to [Creating a settings file](#) on page 9.

### Delete



Deletes the selected file in the **Available Items** pane. Refer to [Deleting a settings or data file](#) on page 27.

### Add SD Drive



Adds an SD drive to DAQLog. Refer to [Adding an SD drive location](#) on page 25.

### Add Settings Folder



Adds folders for storing settings files. Refer to [Adding a settings folder location](#) on page 26.

### Add Data Folder



Adds folders for storing converted data files or folders containing binary data files. Refer to [Adding a data folder location](#) on page 27 for more information.

### Remove Location



Removes the selected settings folder, data folder, or SD drive from DAQLog without affecting the folder itself.

- Refer to [Removing a logger from the DAQLog configuration](#) on page 26
- Refer to [Removing an SD drive location](#) on page 26.
- Refer to [Removing a settings folder location or data folder location](#) on page 27.

### Save



Saves the configuration settings made to the selected location. Refer to [Saving your settings](#) on page 21.

### Convert Data File



Converts the selected data files to comma-separated text files and stores them in the folder specified by **Output Location**. Refer to [Converting a data file](#) on page 23.

### Deploy Settings File



Copies a settings file to a connected logger, or, if no logger is connected, to the SD drive specified in the SD Drives pane. Refer to [Deploying a settings file](#) on page 21.

### Refresh Location



Updates the contents of a data folder after the contents of the folder have changed (files are added to or removed from the DAQLog directory).

### Locate File on Drive



Opens Windows Explorer to the directory path of a selected folder or file.

## Locations pane

The **Locations** pane displays logger devices, SD cards, and file storage folders.

**Logger Devices**—Displays supported logger devices connected to the computer. Select a device to display device properties. You can view the current device configuration by selecting a **Logger Devices** location, then selecting **Log Settings** in the **Available Items** pane.

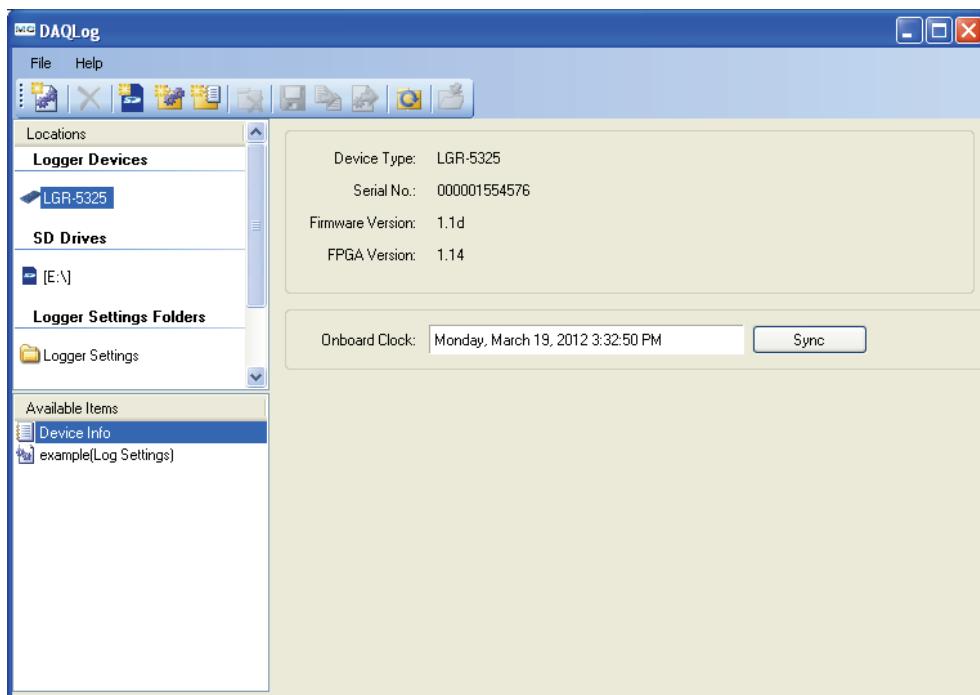
**SD Drives**—Displays SD cards connected to your computer or inserted in a supported logger device.

**Logger Settings Folders**—Displays folders that store logger settings files (.set).

**Data File Folders**—Displays folders that store logger data files – either the raw binary files (.dat) or data files converted to text by DAQLog (.csv).

## Viewing device information and synchronizing a device

To display the type of logger device and its serial number, firmware version, and FPGA version, select the device in the **Logger Devices** pane and select **Device Info** in the **Available Items** pane.



The **Onboard Clock** textbox shows the time set on the internal clock on the device. Click **Sync** to set the onboard clock to the system time set on your computer.

The onboard clock does not automatically compensate for daylight savings time.

## Configuring a logger

You can configure a logger with DAQLog in one of the following ways:

- configure settings directly to the logger memory
- create or modify a settings file, and load the file into logger memory

### Creating a settings file

Complete the following steps to create a settings file to copy and load onto a logger:

1. Select the location where you want to save the settings file from the **Logger Settings Folder** area.
2. Click **New Settings File** on the toolbar.



### Modifying a settings file

Complete the following steps to modify a settings file to load onto a logger:

1. Open the folder in the **Logger Settings Folders** pane where the settings file is stored.
2. Select the file and modify its settings on the **Log Setup**, **Channels**, **Acquisition**, and **Events** tabs.

### Selecting a logger to configure directly

Complete the following steps to configure logger settings directly to device memory:

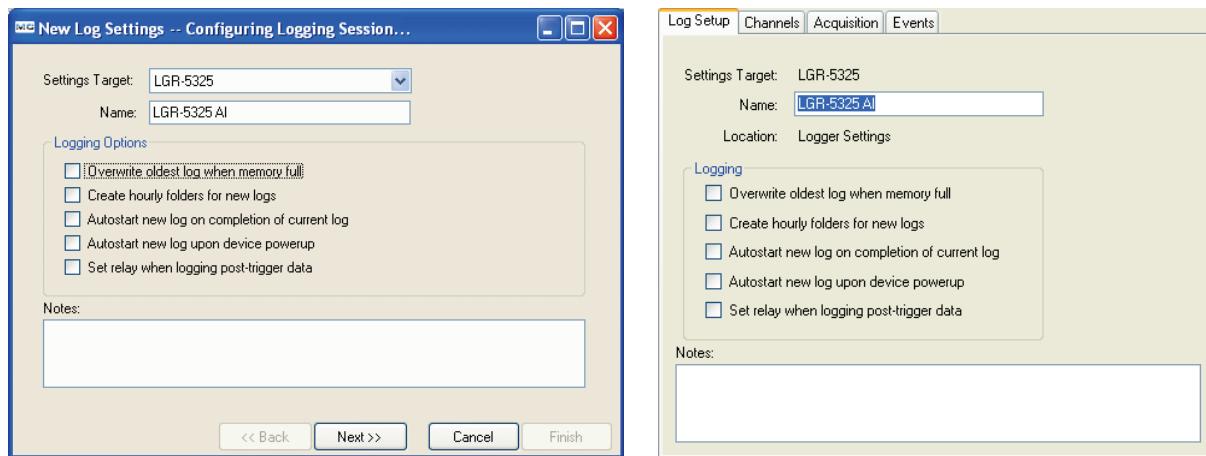
1. Select the device in the **Logger Devices** pane.
2. Select **(Log Setting)** in the **Available Items** pane and modify its settings on the **Log Setup**, **Channels**, **Acquisition**, and **Events** tabs.

## Configuring logging settings

Complete the following steps to configure logging settings:

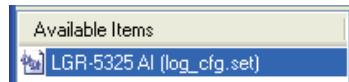
1. If you are creating a settings file, configure these settings in the **Configuring Logging Session** dialog box.

If you are configuring a device directly or modifying a settings file, select the file in the **Locations pane** and configure these settings on the **Log Setup, Channels, Acquisition and Events** tabs:



**Settings Target** list (selectable for new settings files only)—If you are creating a settings file, select the logger to configure with the file. Only settings supported by the selected logger are available. You can load a settings file to different types of loggers as long as the device supports the settings in the file. Refer to the *LGR-5320 Series User's Guide* for features supported by each logger before loading a settings file onto a logger.

**Name** textbox—Enter a name that briefly describes the logger settings file. The name you enter displays in the **Available Items** pane along with the actual file name. For example, if you enter LGR-5325 AI in the **Name** textbox, it displays In the **Available Items** pane as LGR-5325 AI (log\_cfg.set). The name is also included in the header of the converted data file.



**Location**—Displays on the **Log Setup** tab when configuring a logger directly or modifying a settings file. Lists the name of the folder or logger where the settings are stored.

**Overwrite oldest log when memory full** checkbox—Select the checkbox to overwrite the oldest log files when the SD card memory is full. Clear the checkbox to stop logging when the SD card memory is full.

**Create hourly folders for new logs** checkbox—Select the checkbox to create a new subfolder every hour to store new log files. Clear the checkbox to store new log files in the root of the **Location** folder.

**Autostart new log on completion of current log** checkbox—Select the checkbox to automatically start new log session immediately after a log session ends, and store data from each session in a separate folder. Clear the checkbox to manually start a new log session by pressing **START** on the logger.

**Autostart new log upon device powerup** checkbox—Select the check box to immediately start logging when you power on the logger. Clear the checkbox to manually start logging by pressing **START** on the logger.

**Set relay when logging post-trigger data** checkbox—Select the checkbox to energize the relay when logger starts logging of post-trigger data. The relay remains energized until the log session ends. Clear the checkbox to eliminate the relay click, and to reduce wear on the relay.

2. If you are creating a new settings file, click **Next** to open the **Configuring Analog Inputs** dialog box.

If you are configuring a logger directly or modifying a settings file, click the **Channels** tab.

## Analog input settings

Use the analog input settings to configure the analog channels to log, the acquisition mode, the voltage range, and the units to use when converting analog data.

Chan	<input type="checkbox"/> Log	Name	Mode	Range	Units
0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AI0	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Volts
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI1	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI2	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI3	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI4	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI5	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI6	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI7	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
8	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI8	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI9	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI10	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
11	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI11	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
12	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI12	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
13	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI13	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
14	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI14	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts
15	<input type="checkbox"/>	AI15	SingleEnded	±10 Volts	Counts

**Chan**—List the number of each analog input channel. You cannot edit the numbers in this column.

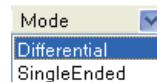
**Log checkbox**—Select the check box of each analog channel whose data you want to log. You can also use the **Log** checkbox at the top of the column to select or deselect all of the channels.

**Name textbox**—Click this textbox to change the name of the corresponding logged channel. The name displays in the header of the converted data file.

**Mode list**—Select **SingleEnded** or **Differential** for each logged analog channel.

If you select **±30 Volts** for a differential channel input, you must select **±30 Volts** for both inputs of the channel pair. For example, if **AI0** is set to **Differential** and to **±30 Volts**, **AI8** is also set to **±30 Volts**. This is required by the input attenuation circuitry of the ±30 V range on the device.

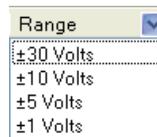
You can configure all analog channels for single-ended or differential mode using the **Mode** list in the column header.



Refer to the screw terminal pinout in the *Specifications* chapter of the *LGR-5320 Series User's Guide* for the differential and single-ended pinout of each logger.

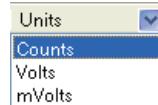
**Range list**—Select the voltage range for a logged channel.

You can configure all analog channels for the same range using the **Range** list in the column header.



**Units** list—Select **Counts**, **Volts**, or **mVolts** for each logged channel.

You can configure all analog channels for the same units using the **Units** list in the column header.



If you are creating a new settings file, click **Next** to open the **Configuring Counter Inputs** dialog box. Otherwise, scroll down on the **Channels** tab to display the **Counter Inputs** settings.

## Counter input settings

Counter inputs are grouped under the following categories:

Counter Setup:						
Ctr #	Log	Name	Mode	Option	Index	Tick Size
0	<input type="checkbox"/>		Counter	Totalize	No-Op	
1	<input type="checkbox"/>		Counter	Totalize	No-Op	
2	<input type="checkbox"/>		Counter	Totalize	No-Op	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>		Counter	Totalize	No-Op	

Format:						
Ctr #	Reset	Counter Size	Modulo N	Modulo Mode	Format	
0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	32-bit	4294967295	Rollover	Decimal	
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	32-bit	4294967295	Rollover	Decimal	
2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	32-bit	4294967295	Rollover	Decimal	
3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	32-bit	4294967295	Rollover	Decimal	

Input Setup:						
Ctr #	Input	Edge	Debounce	Debounce...	Debounce...	
0	Phase A	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
	Phase B	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
	Index	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
1	Phase A	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
	Phase B	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
	Index	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
2	Phase A	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
	Phase B	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
	Index	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
3	Phase A	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
	Phase B	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	
	Index	Rising	<input type="checkbox"/>	After-Stable	0.5 μsec	

## Counter Setup

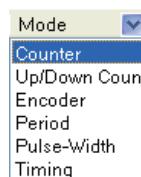
Use the **Counter Setup** settings to select the counter channels to log and to configure each logged channel.

**Log** checkbox—Select the checkbox for each counter channel you want to log. You can also select/deselect all counter channels using the **Log** checkbox in the column header.



**Name** column—Click a textbox in the **Name** column to change the name of the corresponding logged channel. This channel name displays in the header of the converted data file.

**Mode** list—Select one of the following counter modes from the **Mode** list. You can configure all counter channels to the same mode using the **Mode** list in the column header.



- **Counter**—High-speed pulse and general counter operations.

Select **Totalize** or **Clear on Read** from the **Option** list. Refer to [Option list](#) for more information.

Select whether to ignore (**No-Op**), **Gate**, **Latch**, or **Decrement** the counter from the **Index** list. Refer to [Index list](#) for more information.

The **Tick Size** list is disabled in this mode.

- **Up/Down Counter**—Up/down counting that uses Phase A as the pulse source and Phase B as the direction. The counter changes direction depending on the state of Phase B.

Select **Totalize** or **Clear on Read** from the **Option** list. Refer to [Option list](#) for more information.

Select whether to ignore (**No-Op**) or **Gate** the counter from the **Index** list. Refer to [Index list](#) for more information.

The **Tick Size** list is disabled in this mode.

The **Input (Phase B) Edge** setting under **Input Setup** determines whether a high or low signal at phase B causes the counter to count up.

- **Encoder**—Measure the system position (counts), velocity (counts per second), and direction of rotation of an encoder.

Select **1X**, **2X**, or **4X** from the **Option** list. Refer to [Option list](#) for more information.

Select whether to ignore (**No-Op**), **Clear**, **Gate**, or **Latch** the counter from the **Index** list. Refer to [Index list](#) for more information.

The **Tick Size** list is disabled in this mode.

- **Period**—Measure the period of a signal on the Phase A input of a counter channel. You can measure x1, x10, x100 or x1000 periods.

The **Option** list is disabled in this mode.

Select whether to ignore (**No-Op**) or **Gate** the counter from the **Index** list. Refer to [Index list](#) for more information.

Select **20 nsec**, **200 nsec**, **2 μsec**, or **20 μsec** from the **Tick Size** list. Refer to [Tick Size](#) list for more information.

- **Pulse-Width**—Measure the time from rising edge to falling edge or from falling edge to rising edge on the Phase A input of a counter channel.

The **Option** list is disabled in this mode.

Select whether to ignore (**No-Op**) or **Gate** the counter from the **Index** list. Refer to [Index list](#) for more information.

Select **20 nsec**, **200 nsec**, **2 μsec**, or **20 μsec** from the **Tick Size** list. Refer to [Tick Size](#) list for more information.

- **Timing**—Measure the time between rising or falling edge on the Phase A input and rising or falling edge of the index channel.

The **Option** list is disabled in this mode. **No-Op (ignore)** is selected on the Index list.

Select **20 nsec**, **200 nsec**, **2 μsec**, or **20 μsec** from the **Tick Size** list. Refer to [Tick Size](#) list for more information.

**Option** list—Select one of the following counter options from the **Option** list:

- **Totalize**—The counter counts rising edges or falling edges.
- **Clear On Read**—The counter is cleared after each synchronous read. The counter value is latched and returned before it clears.
- **1X**—Counts rising or falling edges on phase A (depending on the Phase A Edge setting).
- **2X**—Counts rising edges and falling edges on phase A.
- **4X**—Counts rising edges and falling edges on phase A and phase B.
- **1 Period**—The measurement latches after one complete period is observed.
- **10 Periods**—The measurement latches after 10 complete periods are observed.
- **100 Periods**—The measurement latches after 100 complete periods are observed.
- **1000 Periods**—The measurement latches after 1000 complete periods are observed.

**Index** list—Select the counter index from the following settings:

- **No-Op**—Ignore index signal.
- **Clear**—Index signal clears the counter when counting up or to reload the modulo number when counting down (refer to Modulo N below). Enabled when the mode is set to Encoder.
- **Gate**—Index signal gates the counter. By default, the counter is enabled when the Index signal is high. When the Index signal is low, the counter is disabled but holds the count value. Change the **Index Edge** to change gate polarity.
- **Decrement**—Index signal decrements the counter.
- **Latch**—Index signal latches the counter.

**Tick Size** list—Select the counter tick size for period, pulse-width and timing measurements. The system clock of the field programmable gate array (FPGA) is 20 ns.

- **20 ns**—Sets the counter channel tick size (timebase) to 20 ns.
- **200 ns**—Sets the counter channel tick size to 200 ns.
- **2 μs**—Sets the counter channel tick size to 2 μs
- **20 μs**—Sets the counter channel tick size to 20 μs

**Reset** checkbox—Select this checkbox to reset the counter before each scan.

Clear the checkbox to continue counting without resetting the counter before each scan. You can configure all counter channels to the same setting using the **Reset** checkbox in the column header.



**Counter Size** list—Select 16-bit or 32-bit.

You can configure all counter channels to the same setting using the **Counter Size** list in the column header.

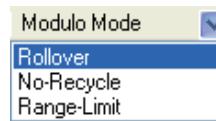
**Modulo N**—Enter the maximum count, or upper limit of the count. The modulo number can range from 1 to 4,294,967,295 (0xFFFFFFFF hex), which is the maximum 32-bit counter value.

When counting up, the counter rolls over to 0 when the Modulo N number is reached, and then continues counting up. When counting down, the counter rolls over to Modulo N whenever the count reaches 0, and then continues counting down.

**Modulo Mode**—Select the counter behavior when the counter reaches the Modulo N value:

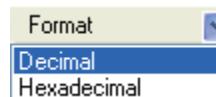
- **Rollover**—The counter rolls over to a count of 0 and continues counting.
- **RangeLimit**—When counting up, the counter counts up to Modulo N and stops. Counting resumes if the direction reverses or the counter is cleared.  
When counting down, the counter counts down to 0 and stops. Counting resumes if the direction reverses or the counter is cleared.
- **NoRecycle**—The counter is disabled if a count overflow or underflow occurs. The counter is enabled again when a reset or load operation is performed.

You can configure all counter channels to the same modulo mode using the **Modulo Mode** list in the column header.



**Format** list—Select **Decimal** or **Hexadecimal** as the default format for converted counter data (you can select the format before you convert the data.)

You can configure all counter channels to use the same number format using the Format list in the column header.



## Input Setup

Use the **Input Setup** settings to select the edge/polarity and debounce settings for each logged channel:

**Input** column—Shows the Phase A, Phase B and Index inputs for each channel. For LGR-5327 and LGR-5329 devices, the channel names apply. For LGR-5325 devices, Phase A, Phase B and Index settings apply to CTRx, UPDNx and GATEx inputs respectively

**Edge** list—Select **Rising** or **Falling** as the edge/polarity for the Phase A, Phase B and Index inputs for each logged counter channel

You can set the edge of all logged counter channels using the Edge list in the column header.



**Debounce** checkbox—Select the checkbox of each logged channel that you want to apply the debounce settings.

You can select/deselect debounce on all logged counter channels using the Debounce checkbox in the column header.



**Debounce Mode** list—Select one of the following debounce modes:

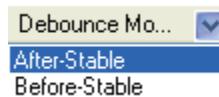
- **After-Stable**—Select this mode to reject glitches and only changes state after a period of stability (the Debounce time).

Use this mode for electro-mechanical devices like encoders and mechanical switches to reject switch bounce and disturbances due to a vibrating encoder that is not otherwise moving. Select a time from the Debounce Time list that is short enough to accept the input pulse you want, but longer than the period of the disturbance.

- **Before-Stable**—Select this mode to immediately change state. The state does not change again until the period of stability selected from the **Debounce Time** list elapses.

Use this mode when the input signal has groups of glitches and each group is to be counted as one. The logger recognizes and counts the first glitch within a group, but rejects subsequent glitches within the group if the debounce time is set accordingly. Set the debounce time to encompass one entire group of glitches.

You can select the same debounce mode for all logged counter channels using the Debounce Mode list in the column header.



**Debounce Time** list—Select one of the debounce times that range from 0.5 µs (500 ns) to 25.5 ms.

You can select the same debounce time on all logged counter channels using the Debounce Mode list in the column header.

If you are creating a new settings file, click **Next** to open the **Configuring Digital Inputs** dialog box.

## Digital inputs

Use the digital inputs settings to configure these digital options:

Port #	Log	Name	Format
0	<input type="checkbox"/>		Bitwise

**Log** checkbox—Select this checkbox to log digital input data.

**Name** textbox—Click this textbox to change the descriptive name of the logged digital channel. This channel name displays in the header of the converted data file.

**Format** list—Select one of the following number formats to use for converted digital data (you can select the format before you convert the data.)

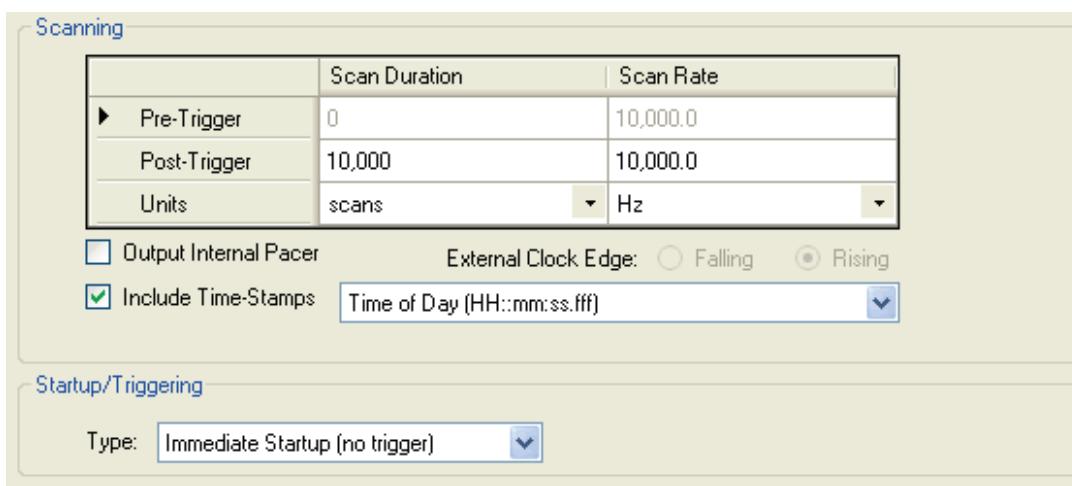
- **Decimal**—Data is converted to a decimal number.
- **Hexadecimal**—Data is converted to a hexadecimal number.
- **Binary**—Data is converted to a binary number.
- **Bitwise**—Data is converted to a binary number, with each bit comma-separated.

If you are creating a new settings file, click **Next** to open the **Configuring Acquisition Startup, Timing, and Duration** dialog box.

Otherwise, click the **Acquisition** tab.

## Acquisition startup, timing, and duration

Use the acquisition startup, timing, and duration settings to configure trigger types and corresponding trigger settings. The settings that display vary depending on the selected trigger type.



## Scanning

### Pre-Trigger settings

Configure the following pre-trigger settings:

- Click the textbox in the **Scan Duration** column and enter the number of samples or time duration to acquire before a trigger occurs. **Scan Duration** and **Scan Rate** settings are disabled when the selected trigger type is **Immediate Startup (no trigger)**.
- Click the textbox in the **Scan Rate** column and enter the sample rate per channel to use when acquiring pre-trigger data. **Scan Rate** settings are disabled when the selected trigger type is **Immediate Startup (no trigger)**.

### Post-Trigger settings

Configure the following post-trigger settings:

- Click the textbox in the **Scan Duration** column and enter the number of samples or time duration to acquire after a trigger occurs.
- Click the textbox in the **Scan Rate** column and enter the sample rate per channel to use when acquiring post-trigger data.

### Units settings

Select one of the following units from the list in the **Scan Duration** column to use for both **Pre-Trigger** and **Post-Trigger** scan durations:

- scans**—Scan durations are based on the number of samples to acquire.
- msec**—Scan durations are in milliseconds.
- s**—Scan durations are in seconds.
- min**—Scan durations are in minutes.
- hr**—Scan durations are in hours.

Select one of the following units from the list in the **Scan Rate** column to use for both **Pre-Trigger** and **Post-Trigger** scan rates:

- External**—Scan rates are set by an external clock. Connect the PACER pin on the logger to an external clock, such as the pacer output of another logger. Selecting **External** enables the **External Clock Edge** option buttons, and changes the column header from **Scan Rate** to **ExtClock Divisor**.
- Hz**—Scan rates are in hertz.
- MHz**—Scan rates are in megahertz.

- **kHz**—Scan rate is in kilohertz.
- **msec**—Scan rates are in milliseconds.
- **s**—Scan rates are in seconds.
- **min**—Scan rates are in minutes.
- **Hr**—Scan rates are in hours.

**Output Internal Pacer** checkbox—Select this checkbox to use the logger as the clock source for another device.

**External Clock Edge** option buttons (only enabled when you select **External** from the **Units** row in the **Scan Rate** column)—Select either **Rising** or **Falling** as the clock edge of the external clock.

**Include Time-Stamps** checkbox—Select this checkbox to include times stamps in logged data. Select one of the following time stamp formats from the list:

- **None**—No time stamps are applied to logged data.
- **Seconds from Start (ss:fffff)**—Logs the number of seconds that the data was logged after data acquisition began; for example, 0.0006.
- **Time of Day (HH:mm:ss:fff)**—Logs the time of day that the data was logged; for example, 10:08:19.035.
- **Date and Time-US (MM/dd/yyyy HH:mm:ss:fff)**—Logs the date and time that the data was logged; for example, 04/05/2010 10:08:19.143.
- **Date and Time (yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss:fff)**—Logs the date and time that the data was logged; for example, 2010-04-05 10:08:19.984.

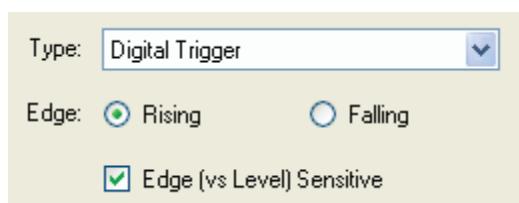
## Startup/Triggering

Select the trigger type and configure the following trigger settings that vary based the selected trigger type.

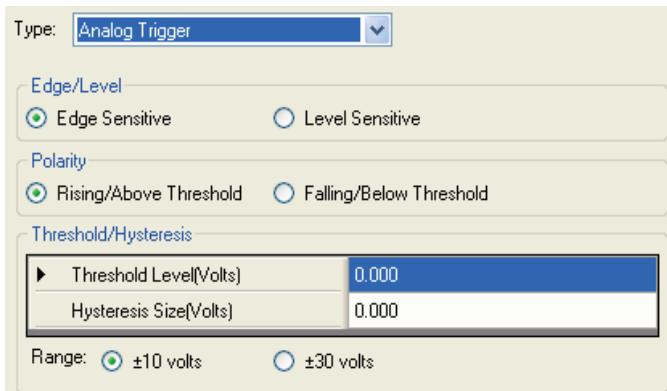
**Type** list—Select one of the following trigger types:

- **Immediate Startup**—The scan begins immediately without any startup signal.
- **Digital Trigger**—Use the **Edge** option buttons to select **Rising** or **Falling** as the edge used to trigger the acquisition.

Select the **Edge (vs Level) Sensitive** checkbox to configure the trigger as edge sensitive. Clear the checkbox to configure the trigger as level sensitive.



- **Analog Trigger**—Use the **Edge/Level** option buttons to select **Edge Sensitive** (trigger on a rising or falling edge) or **Level Sensitive** (trigger when the signal is above or below a threshold value). Use the **Polarity** option buttons to select **Rising/Above Threshold** or **Falling/Below Threshold** to trigger when the signal rises above or drops below a threshold value.
- Enter a value in the **Threshold Level (Volts)** textbox to configure the voltage level of the trigger.
- Enter a value in the **Hysteresis Level (Volts)** textbox to configure the range that a signal must pass through after causing a trigger before that signal can cause another trigger.
- Use the **Range** option buttons to select the analog trigger input range.



- **Multi-Channel Trigger**—Configure the following logic and trigger type settings using multiple channels to trigger the acquisition:

**Logic** option buttons—Select one of the following logic options:

- **And/All**—Trigger the acquisition only when the conditions for all channels in the table are true.
- **Or/Any**—Trigger the acquisition when one or more channel conditions in the table is true.

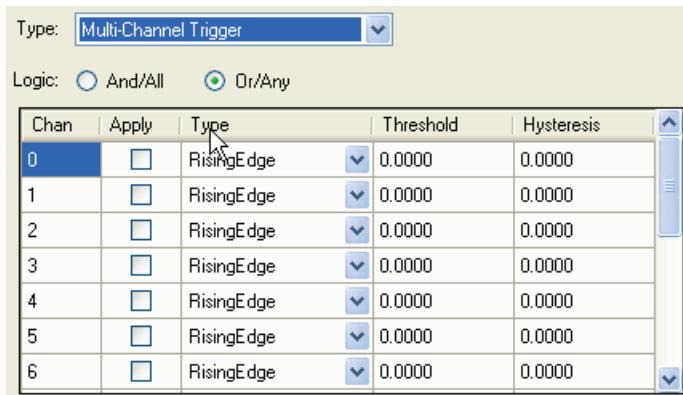
**Apply** checkbox—Select the checkbox for each channel to include in the trigger conditions.

**Type** list—Select a trigger type for each included channel (only trigger types supported by the connected logger are listed):

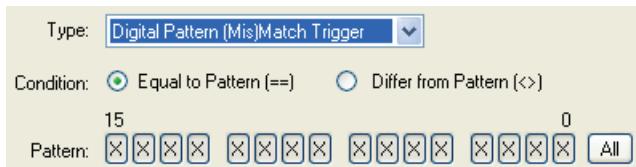
- **AboveThreshold**—Triggers when the signal level rises above the threshold. The trigger stays valid until the signal level drops below the hysteresis range.
- **BelowThreshold**—Triggers when the signal level drops below the threshold. The trigger stays valid until the signal level rises above the hysteresis range.
- **AboveThresholdWithLatch**—Triggers when the signal level rises above the threshold. The trigger stays valid until the acquisition is complete and re-armed.
- **BelowThresholdWithLatch**—Triggers when the signal level drops below the threshold. The trigger stays valid until the acquisition is complete and re-armed.
- **RisingEdge**—Triggers when the signal level drops below the hysteresis range and then rises above the threshold. The trigger stays valid until the signal level drops below the hysteresis range again.
- **FallingEdge**—Triggers when the signal level rises above the hysteresis range and then drops below the threshold. The trigger stays valid until the signal level rises above the hysteresis range again.
- **RisingEdgeWithLatch**—Triggers when the signal level drops below the hysteresis range and then rises above the threshold. The trigger stays valid until the acquisition is complete, regardless of the signal level.
- **FallingEdgeWithLatch**—Triggers when the signal level rises above the hysteresis range and then drops below the threshold. The trigger stays valid until the acquisition is complete, regardless of the signal level.

**Threshold** textbox—For each included channel, enter the voltage level of the trigger.

**Hysteresis** textbox—For each included channel, enter the range that a signal must pass through after causing a trigger before that signal can cause another trigger.



- **Digital Pattern (Mis)Match trigger**—Configure the conditions and bit pattern for the digital pattern trigger:
  - Condition** option buttons—Select one of the following options:
    - **Equal to Pattern (==)**—Triggers when the binary numbers on a digital connector exactly match the defined bit pattern.
    - **Differ from Pattern (<>)**—Triggers when the binary numbers on a digital connector do not match the defined bit pattern.
  - Pattern**—Click each bit (0 to 15) to set its value and define the bit pattern. Each click cycles through settings of **0**, **1**, and **X** (don't care – exclude that bit from the comparison).
  - Click **All** to cycle through these settings for *all* of the bits



If you are creating a new settings file, click **Next** to open the **Configuring Event Recording** dialog box.

## Event logs

Configure the following event settings to configure the events to log:



**On Event Button Press** checkbox—Select this checkbox to log an event each time you press the **Event** button on the logger device.

**On Scan Trigger** checkbox—Select this checkbox to log an event on each trigger.

**On Digital Event** checkbox—Select this checkbox to choose one of the following digital events:

- **State Change** option button—Select this option button to log an event each time the digital inputs change state.
- **Pattern Match** option button—Select this option button to log an event each time the digital inputs match the defined pattern. **1** indicates an active digital input, **0** indicates an inactive bit, and **X** denotes bits that are ignored.

## Saving your settings

If you are creating a new settings file, click **Finish** on the **Configuring Event Recordings** dialog box to save your settings.

If you are modifying a settings file or configuring a device directly, click **Save** on the toolbar.



- If you configured a device directly, the settings are loaded onto the device.
- If you created or modified a settings file, you need to deploy the file to an SD card.

## Deploying a settings file

Complete the following steps to deploy a settings file:

1. Select a **Logger Settings Folders** location.
2. Select a settings file from the **Available Items** pane and click **Deploy Settings File** on the toolbar.



If DAQLog detects more than one destination for the settings file, a **Select Settings Target** dialog box opens so you can select the target location for the settings file. If no destination is detected, the **SD Drive Empty** dialog box opens. Refer to [Adding an SD drive location](#).

A **Settings Deployment—Successful** dialog box opens after the file is deployed.

The settings file displays in the **Available Items** pane when you select the location where you deployed the file.

### Click-and-drag deployment method

Another way to deploy a settings file is to click-and-drag it from a **Logger Settings Folders** location to an **SD Drives** location or to a **Logger Devices** location.

## Loading a settings file and logging data

You must disconnect the logger from the computer before you can load settings from the SD card. Refer to your hardware user's guide for more information.

Complete the following steps to load a settings file from an SD card and log data with a LGR-5320 Series device:

**Caution!** If you deployed a settings file directly to logger memory, DO NOT press **Load** on the device. Doing so replaces the settings in logger memory with the settings file stored on the SD card.

If you deployed a settings file to an SD drive, make sure the SD card is inserted into the logger and press **Load** on the logger to update the logger settings. Configuration settings are stored in device memory whenever you press the **Load** button.

### Loading a settings file that is not supported by the logging device

If the settings file you load contains settings that are not supported by the hardware, the logger LEDs blink in a defined error pattern. Refer to your hardware manual for specific information.

1. Press **START** on the device to begin logging data.
2. When the **LOG** LED turns off, remove the SD card from the card slot, and insert it into a card reader in your computer.

The file containing the logged data is stored on the SD card. You can now convert it in order to view and analyze the data.

## Converting a data file

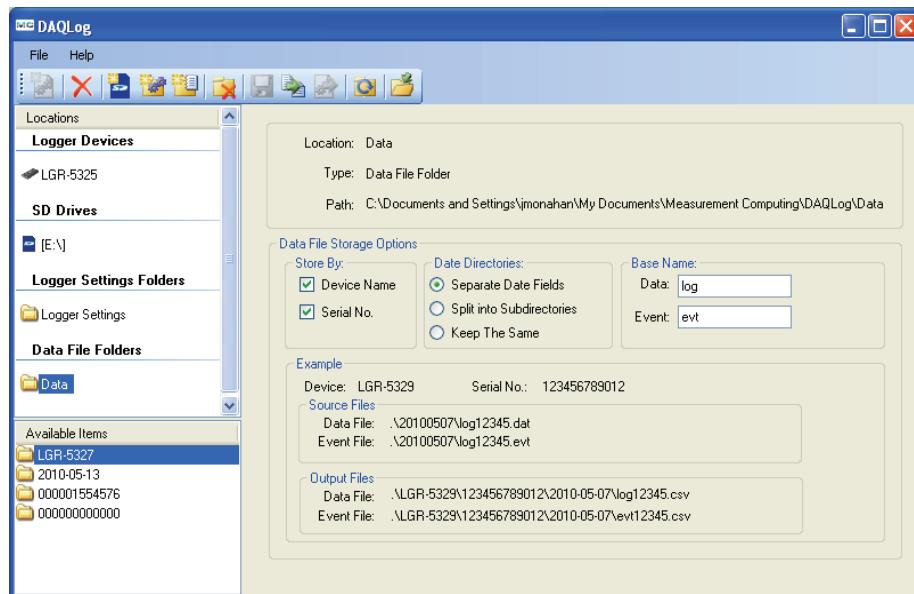
You must convert a DAQLog data files (.dat) to a comma-separated values text file (.csv) in order to display and analyze data.

### Configuring data file storage settings

To configure how converted data files and file storage folders are named and organized, complete the following steps:

1. Click the **Data File Folders** location where you want to store the converted data file.
2. Configure the **Store By** settings in the **Data File Storage Options** section as appropriate:
  - Device Name** checkbox—Select this checkbox to create a folder named for the logger; for example \LGR-5327.
  - Serial No** checkbox—Select this checkbox to create a folder named with the logger serial number; for example \0000014AE021.
3. Configure the **Date Directories** settings in the **Data File Storage Options** section as appropriate:
  - Separate Date Fields** option button—Select this option button to create a folder named the date the log was started. The date is in a YYYY-MM-DD format.
  - Split into Subdirectories** option button—Select this option button to create separate folders named for the year, month, and day that the data was logged; for example \2010\03\26\.
  - Keep The Same** option button—Select this option button to create a folder named for the date the log started. The date is formatted as YYYYMMDD; for example \20100426\.
4. Configure the **Base Name** settings in the **Data File Storage Options** section as appropriate:
  - Data** textbox—Enter text to add to the beginning of the name of converted data files. For example, entering log changes 00006.dat to log00006.csv.
  - Event** textbox—Enter text to add to the beginning of the name of converted event files. For example, entering evt changes 00006.evt to evt00006.csv.

Refer to **Output Files** under **Example** for an example of the file names and directory structure based on your **Store By** settings.

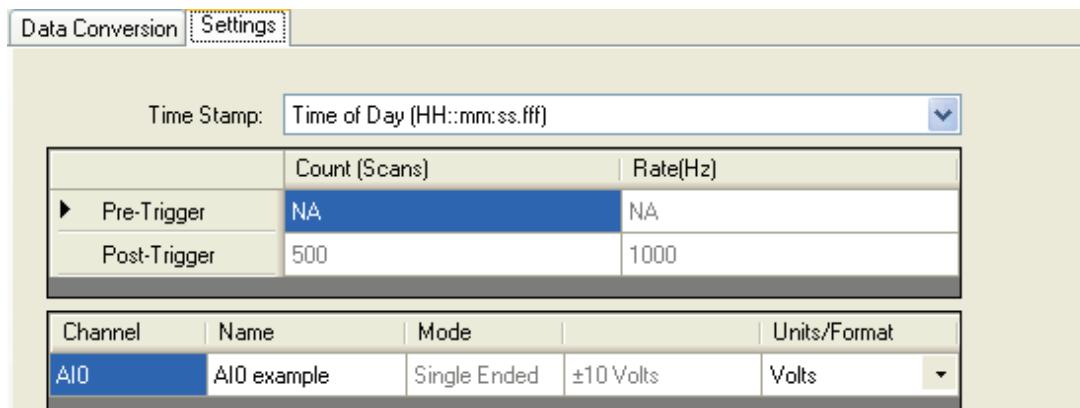


## Converting the file

To convert a data file to a comma-separated values text file, complete the following steps:

1. Select the location where the data file is stored.
2. Select the file to convert from the **Available Items** pane.
3. Select a destination for the converted file from the **Location** list on the **Data Conversion** tab.

Click the **Settings** tab to configure the following units and number format settings as appropriate:



- **Time Stamp** list—Select one of the following timestamp formats for the converted file. If you acquire data using an external clock, this list is disabled. Select from the following settings:
    - **None**—No timestamp information is included in the converted data file.
    - **Seconds from Start (ss:fffff)**—The number of seconds after the acquisition began is included in the converted file.
    - **Time of Day (HH::mm::ss::fff)**—The time that the sample was logged is included in the converted file.
    - **Date and Time-US (MM/dd/yyyy HH:mm:ss:fff)**—The date and time (in the specified format) that the sample was logged is included in the converted file.
    - **Date and Time (yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss:fff)**—The date and time (in the specified format) that the sample was logged is included in the converted file.
    - **Name** textbox—Enter a descriptive name for each channel.
    - **Units/Format** list—Select the unit for each channel in the converted data file.
4. Click **Convert Data File** on the toolbar.



A progress bar indicates when the file conversion is complete.

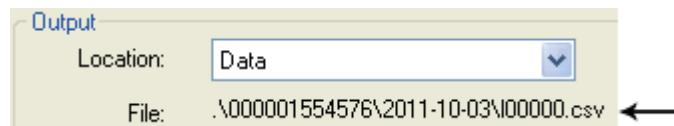
5. Click the **Data File Folders** location you selected from the **Location** list, and then click **Refresh Location** on the toolbar to refresh the contents of the folder.



6. Select the converted file on the **Available Items** pane and click **Locate File on Drive** to open the folder containing the file.

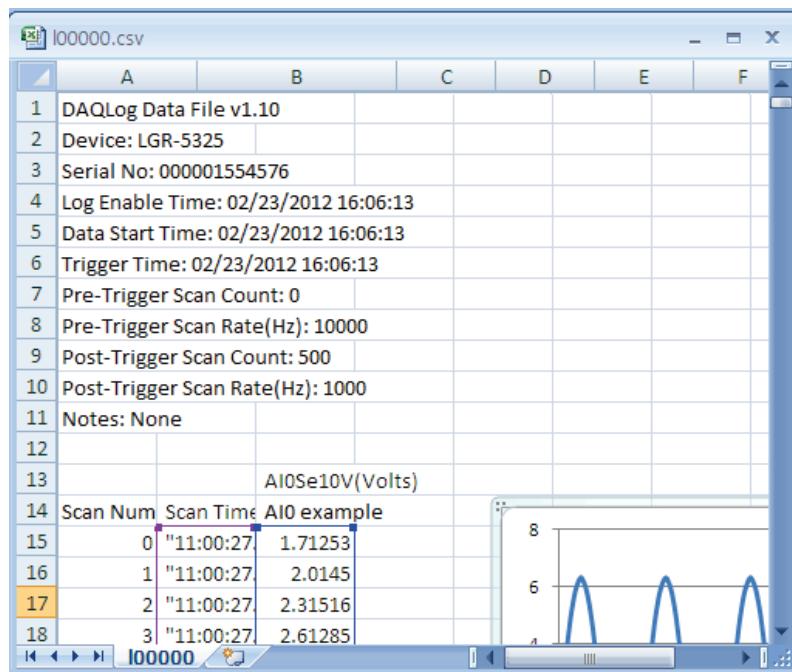


The path to the folder is displayed under the **Location** list.



7. Double-click the .csv file to open it.

Examples of converted data and event files opened with Microsoft® Excel® are shown below.



The **Log Enable Time** indicates the time the logger started acquiring data.

The **Data Start Time** indicates the time the logger started logging to the SD card.

The **Trigger Time** indicates the time the trigger occurred.

Converted data file in spreadsheet

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Event#	Event Time	Event Type	Value	Scan Index						
2	0	16:01:10.194	Button Press		119						
3	1	16:01:11.199	Button Press		219						
4											
5											
6											
7											

Converted event file in spreadsheet

## Adding and removing DAQLog locations and files

You can manually add and remove the following types of locations:

- settings file locations by creating a new folder or adding an existing folder
- raw data file locations by creating a new folder or adding an existing folder
- memory cards – in an installed card reader or in an attached logger device – as an SD Drive location.

Removing a location from DAQLog does not remove the folder from the computer, only from DAQLog.

### Adding an SD drive location

SD drive locations store the following types of files:

- raw logger data files that you can convert to a text file
- settings files that you can deploy to remote logger devices

If your SD card is not displayed in the **SD Drives** pane after you connect it to the computer, complete the following steps to add it to DAQLog:

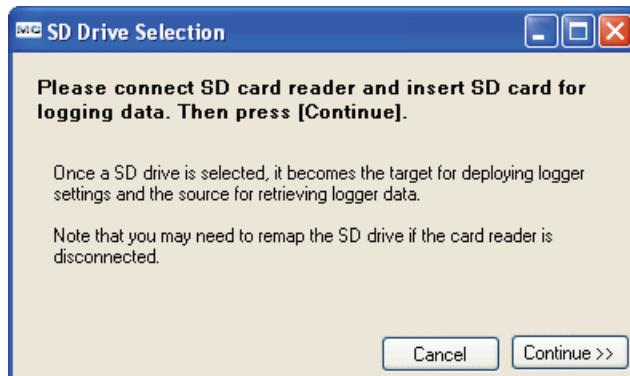
1. Click **Add SD Drive** on the toolbar.



#### Right-mouse click method

You can also right-click **SD Drives** and select **Add...»SD Drive** from the pop-up menu.

The **SD Drive Selection** dialog box opens.



2. Connect an SD drive to the computer and click **Continue**.

If you click **Continue** without first connecting an SD drive, the **No New Storage Devices** dialog box opens.

When the computer detects a connected SD drive, the **SD Drive Selection** dialog box opens.

3. Select the drive letter that corresponds to the SD drive, and click **OK**.

The SD drive displays in the SD Drives location as a drive letter and volume name (if any).

To add a volume name using Windows Explorer to differentiate between multiple SD cards and other removable media, right click on the drive in Explorer, select **Properties**, and enter a name in the text box.

## Removing an SD drive location

To remove an SD drive location from DAQLog, select the SD drive location and click **Remove Location** on the toolbar.



### Right-mouse click method

You can also remove an SD card location by right-clicking on the SD drive location and select **Remove** from the pop-up menu.

When you disconnect the SD drive from the computer without using **Remove Location** (toolbar) or **Remove** (menu), the SD drive location is grayed out until you connect the SD drive again.

## Removing a logger from the DAQLog configuration

To remove a device from DAQLog, select the device in the **Logger Devices** area and click **Remove Location** in the DAQLog toolbar.



### Right-mouse click method

You can also remove a device by right-clicking on the device and selecting **Remove** from the popup menu.

## Adding a settings folder location

A DAQLog settings location is used to store settings files (.set) for later deployment to logger devices. To add a settings location to DAQLog, complete the following steps:

1. Click **Add Settings Folder** on the toolbar.



### Right-mouse click method

You can also right-click **Locations** and select **Add»Settings Folder** from the pop-up menu.

- A **Browse for Folder** dialog box opens.
- 2. To create a new settings file location, click **Make New Folder**, enter a name, and click **OK**.  
To use an existing folder as a settings file location, select the folder.
- 3. Click **OK**.

The folder displays in the DAQLog window under **Logger Settings Folders**. If you add an existing folder, any settings files that it contains are also listed in the **Available Items** pane.

## Adding a data folder location

A DAQLog data folder location is typically used as a destination for converted data files and event logs. It can also be used as a source for raw data files. To add a data file location to DAQLog, complete the following steps:

1. Click **Add Data Folder** in the DAQLog toolbar.



### Right-mouse click method

You can also right-click **Locations** and select **Add»Data Folder**.

A **Browse for Folder** dialog box opens.

2. To create a new data file location, click **Make New Folder**, enter a name, and click **OK**.  
To use an existing folder as a data file location, select the folder.
3. Click **OK**.

The location appears in the DAQLog window under **Data File Folders**. If you added an existing folder, any settings or data files that it contains are also listed in the Available Items pane.

You can configure directory structure settings for data file locations that apply to data files converted in that location. When you select a data file location, the data file and conversion settings display. By default, data converted from a data file location is stored in a subdirectory named using the device serial number and the date the file was logged. The default format is \xxxxxxxxxxxx\yyyy-mm-dd, where xxxxxxxxxxxx is the serial number and yyyy-mm-dd is the year, month, and day when the log was started. Refer to [Configuring converted file storage settings](#) for more information.

## Removing a settings folder location or a data folder location

To remove either a settings folder or data folder location from the DAQLog window, select the folder to remove and click **Remove Location** in the DAQLog toolbar.



Removing a folder location from DAQLog does not delete the folder from the computer.

### Right-mouse click method

You can also right-click on the location folder and select **Remove**. The location is removed from the DAQLog window.

## Deleting a settings or data file

To delete one or more settings files (.set) or data files (.dat, .csv, .evt), select the files in the **Available Items** pane and click **Delete** on the toolbar.



### Keyboard method

You can also select the file(s) and press <Delete> to delete the file(s).

Files are deleted from the selected location (the folder on your computer, the SD Drive, or the network folder) and are removed from the **Available Items** pane on the DAQLog window.

## Locating a file

To locate a file, hover your mouse cursor over a settings location or data location to display a tool tip that lists the path to the folder. You can also use DAQLog to open a settings file location or data file location in Windows Explorer.

To open a location in Windows Explorer, select the location or file and click **Locate File on Drive** in the DAQLog toolbar.



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